HOUSE BILL No. 1182

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-2.5-6.

Synopsis: Sales and use tax deduction. Provides a method for determining the amount of a retail merchant's state sales and use tax deduction or refund when it is bad debt related to a private label credit of the retail merchant.

Effective: January 1, 2016 (retroactive).

Frizzell

January 7, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.



Second Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1182

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-2.5-6-9. AS AMENDED BY P.L.109-2015.

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SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JANUARY 1, 2016 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 9. (a) In determining the
amount of state gross retail and use taxes which a retail merchant must
remit under section 7 of this chapter, the retail merchant shall, subject
to subsections (c) and (d) and section 9.5 of this chapter, deduct from
the retail merchant's gross retail income from retail transactions made
during a particular reporting period, an amount equal to the retail
merchant's receivables which:
(1) resulted from retail transactions in which the retail merchant
did not collect the state gross retail or use tax from the purchaser;
(2) resulted from retail transactions on which the retail merchant
has previously paid the state gross retail or use tax liability to the
department; and
(3) were written off as an uncollectible debt for federal tax
purposes under Section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code during
the particular reporting period.
1 1 01



2	and subsequently collects all or part of that receivable, then the retail
2 3	and subsequently collects all or part of that receivable, then the retail
	merchant shall, subject to subsection (d)(6), include the amount
4 5	collected as part of the retail merchant's gross retail income from retail
6	transactions for the particular reporting period in which the retain
7	merchant makes the collection.
8	(c) This subsection applies only to retail transactions occurring after
9	December 31, 2006. As used in this subsection, "affiliated group'
0	means any combination of the following: (1) An affiliated group within the magning provided in Section
	(1) An affiliated group within the meaning provided in Section
1 2	1504 of the Internal Revenue Code (except that the ownership
	percentage in Section 1504(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code
3	shall be determined using fifty percent (50%) instead of eighty
5	percent (80%)) or a relationship described in Section 267(b)(11)
6	of the Internal Revenue Code.
7	(2) Two (2) or more partnerships (as defined in IC 6-3-1-19) including limited liability companies and limited liability
8	
	partnerships, that have the same degree of mutual ownership as
9	an affiliated group described in subdivision (1), as determined
20	under the rules adopted by the department.
1	Except as provided in section 9.5 of this chapter, the right to a
22	deduction under this section is not assignable to an individual or entity
.3	that is not part of the same affiliated group as the assignor.
4	(d) The following provisions apply to a deduction for a receivable
25	treated as uncollectible debt under subsection (a) and section 9.5 of
26	this chapter:
27	(1) The deduction does not include interest.
28	(2) The amount of the deduction shall be determined in the
9	manner provided by Section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code for
0	bad debts but shall be adjusted to exclude:
1	(A) financing charges or interest;
2	(B) sales or use taxes charged on the purchase price;
3	(C) uncollectible amounts on property that remain in the
	possession of the seller until the full purchase price is paid;
5	(D) expenses incurred in attempting to collect any debt; and
6	(E) repossessed property.
7	(3) Except as provided in section 9.5 of this chapter, the
8	deduction shall be claimed on the return for the period during
9	which the receivable is written off as uncollectible in the
0	claimant's books and records and is eligible to be deducted for
1	federal income tax purposes. For purposes of this subdivision, a
-2	claimant who is not required to file federal income tax returns



1	may deduct an uncollectible receivable on a return filed for the
2	period in which the receivable is written off as uncollectible in the
3	claimant's books and records and would be eligible for a bad debt
4	deduction for federal income tax purposes if the claimant were
5	required to file a federal income tax return.
6	(4) If the amount of uncollectible receivables claimed as a
7	deduction by a retail merchant for a particular reporting period
8	exceeds the amount of the retail merchant's taxable sales for that
9	reporting period, the retail merchant may file a refund claim
10	under IC 6-8.1-9. However, the deadline for the refund claim shall
11	be measured from the due date of the return for the reporting
12	period on which the deduction for the uncollectible receivables
13	could first be claimed.
14	(5) If a retail merchant's filing responsibilities have been assumed
15	by a certified service provider (as defined in IC 6-2.5-11-2), the
16	certified service provider may claim, on behalf of the retail
17	merchant, any deduction or refund for uncollectible receivables
18	provided by this section. The certified service provider must
19	credit or refund the full amount of any deduction or refund
20	received to the retail merchant.
21	(6) For purposes of reporting a payment received on a previously
22	claimed uncollectible receivable, any payments made on a debt or
23	account shall be applied first proportionally to the taxable price
24	of the property and the state gross retail tax or use tax thereon,
25	and secondly to interest, service charges, and any other charges.
26	(7) A retail merchant claiming a deduction for an uncollectible
27	receivable may allocate that receivable among the states that are
28	members of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement if the
29	books and records of the retail merchant support that allocation.
30	SECTION 2. IC 6-2.5-6-9.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
31	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JANUARY 1, 2016 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 9.5. (a) For purposes of
33	this section, the following definitions apply:
34	(1) "Bad debt" means amounts due on the accounts or
35	receivables that are charged off on the books and records of
36	a lender.
37	(2) "Lender" means any person, or affiliate of a person, who
38	owns a private label credit card account, or an interest in a
39	private label credit card receivable, that:
40	(A) the person purchased directly from a retail merchant
41	who remitted the tax imposed under this chapter or its

affiliates, or purchased from a third party; or



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1	(B) the person originated under that person's program
2	agreement or other contractual arrangement with the
3	retail merchant who remitted the tax imposed under thi
4	chapter or its affiliates.
5	(3) "Private label credit card" means any charge card of
6	account or credit card or account that:
7	(A) carries, refers to, or is branded with the name or log
8	of a retail merchant; and
9	(B) can be used for purchases from the retail merchan
0	whose name or logo appears on the card or account or fo
1	purchases from any of the retail merchant's affiliates o
2	franchisees.
3	(b) For purposes of claiming a deduction, or obtaining a refund
4	under section 9 of this chapter related to bad debt on a privat
5	label credit card, the following conditions must be satisfied:
6	(1) A retail merchant may claim a deduction on a return o
7	obtain a refund of the tax previously reported by the retain
8	merchant on the unpaid balance due on the accounts of
9	receivables that are charged off as a bad debt on the book
0.0	and records of the lender if the accounts or receivables have
21	been charged off as bad debts on the lender's books and
22	records after December 31, 2014.
22 23 24	(2) The deduction or refund for the accounts or receivable
24	must include all credit sale transaction amounts outstanding
25 26	in the account or receivable at the time the account o
26	receivable is charged off, regardless of the date on which the
27	credit sale transaction actually occurred.
28	(c) If a deduction or a refund is covered by this section, the
.9	retail merchant shall maintain adequate books, records, or othe
0	documentation supporting the charge off of the accounts.
1	(d) If a retail merchant remits sales or use tax to Indiana and
2	one (1) or more other states, the retail merchant may use a
3	apportionment method to substantiate the amount of tax imposed
4	under this chapter included in the bad debts to which the deduction
5	or refund applies. The apportionment method must use:
6	(1) the retail merchant's Indiana and outside Indiana sales;
7	(2) the retail merchant's taxable and nontaxable sales; and
8	(3) the amount of tax the retail merchant remitted to Indiana
9	Alternatively, the retail merchant may treat a specified percentag
-0	of the private label credit card accounts as giving rise to
.1	deduction or refund under this section so long as the percentage i

derived from a sampling of the retail merchant's records in



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accordance with a methodology	agreed to	by the	department	and
the retail merchant.				

- (e) If a retail merchant deducts a receivable under this section and the retail merchant or the lender subsequently collects all or part of that receivable, the retail merchant shall, subject to section 9(d)(6) of this chapter, include the amount collected as part of the retail merchant's gross retail income from retail transactions for the particular reporting period in which the retail merchant or lender makes the collection.
- (f) This subsection does not authorize any credit or refund with respect to sales by any person other than the retail merchant whose name or logo appears on the private label credit card or account, or any of the retail merchant's affiliates or franchisees.

SECTION 3. An emergency is declared for this act.

